

Computing 2023-2024

2023-2024								
National Curriculum Area: Computer Science								
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Nursery: Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. (Physical Development)	Give instructions to a friend and follow their instructions to move around a space. Describe what happens when buttons are pressed on a robot or device. Press buttons in the correct order to make a robot follow a short	Understand what an algorithm is and demonstrate simple linear algorithms. Be able to explain the order needed to do things to make something happen and to talk about it as an algorithm.	Understand how an algorithm is implemented using a sequence of precise instructions. Can predict the outcome of a sequence of precise instructions. Repeatedly test a program and recognise	Design simple algorithms using loops and repeats, whilst detecting and correcting errors is debugging. Write and execute an efficient program, using loops such as forever, repeat & repeat until commands.	Program a condition that uses a sensor to detect a change, which can select an action within a program. Decomposes more open ended problems into smaller parts, provides some reasoning for their choices. Approaches a range of problems using computationally thinking	Understand the importance of planning, testing and correcting algorithms. Demonstrate a range of different strategies to solve a problem including: abstraction, decomposition, logic & evaluation. Understand why sequence & patterns are important when creating simple algorithms that are part of a more complex		
Reception: Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. (Expressive arts and design)	sequence. Understand what an algorithm is and be able to create a simple algorithm. Understand and explain how algorithms are used in everyday life.	Programme a robot or software to do a particular task. Look at a basic program and explain what will happen. Use programming software and applications to make	when they need to debug it. Detect a problem in an algorithm, which could result in a different outcome to the one intended. Understand what inputs and outputs are, how they	Decompose a problem into smaller parts with some verbal reasoning. Has an understanding of how sequencing, using inputs and repetition in programs has specific effects on the output, works with 'loops' and	concepts, helping them to design other algorithms for other specific outcomes. Design, write and execute an efficient program, including selection (IFTHEN) command. Change an input to a program to achieve a different output.	program. Gives reasoning for each step within algorithms and applying them to a program. Understand & develop complex flow diagrams. Use a variable to increase programming possibilities. Use a variable and relational operators (e.g. < = >) within a		
ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (Expressive Arts and Design / creating with materials)	Begin to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions. Begin to use different software or applications to create movement and patterns on a screen. Use the word debug to correct an algorithm that doesn't work in the way it was intended	objects move. Use logical reasoning to predict and debug more complex programs. Can create and debug with improved confidence & efficiency. Begin to program using simple block code.	can be used. Provide examples of how to use inputs and outputs effectively. Designs, writes, executes and debugs programs of increasing complexity that accomplish a specific goal. Use logical reasoning to predict and debug more	understands their effect. Recognise that an algorithm will help to sequence more complex programs. Use logical reasoning to predict and debug more complex programs including loops and repeats	Use logical reasoning to predict and debug more complex programs including selection. Uses programs linked to physical systems and sensors e.g. the alarm goes off when the sensor is triggered. Design, write and execute an efficient program, which demonstrates and understanding of the difference between, and	loop to stop a program. Evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of an algorithm while continually testing the programming of that program. Use different inputs (including sensors) to control a device or onscreen action and predict what will happen. Use logical reasoning to predict and debug more complex programs including: selection, variables and operators		
			complex programs including inputs and outputs		appropriate use of IFTHEN, IFTHENELSE, and nested IF statements.			

Subject Lead: Miss Foulkes



	National Curriculum Area: Information Technology							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Nursery: Increasingly follow	Talk about the different ways in which information	Create a graph or chart using data collected on	Understand the difference between data and	Demonstrate the different ways data can be organised.	Choose an appropriate tool to help them collect data.	Select the most effective tool to collect data for their investigation.		
rules, understanding why they are	can be shown. Use technology to collect information, including	a specific topic area. Talk about the data that	information. Talk about the different	Demonstrate the different ways data can be converted into information.	Present data in an appropriate way depending	Check the data they collect for accuracy and plausibility.		
important.	photos, videos and sound.	is shown in their chart or	ways data can be	Make a branching database.	on the theme or audience.	Plan the process needed to		
(Personal, Social and Emotional Development)	Sort different kinds of information and present it	graph. Explain how investigating	converted into information.	Collect data and identify where it could be inaccurate.	Use a spreadsheet and database to collect, record and evaluate data	investigate a set environment or setting. Interpret and present the data they collect.		
, ,	to others. Add information to a	data can be used to answer a question.	Search a ready-made database to answer	Plan, create and search a database.	Search a database using different operators to refine a	Use the skills developed to interrogate a database.		
Reception: Show resilience and	pictogram and talk about their findings.	Use a variety of software	specific questions.	Select the best way to present data to a specific audience.	search.	Uses a range of strategies to increase the accuracy of		
perseverance in the	Use software with support,	to manipulate and present digital content in	Collect data to help answer questions about a	Log data using a device.	Talk about errors in data and suggest how it could be	keyword searches. Makes confident inferences about their		
face of a challenge. (Personal, Social	to create, store and edit digital content using	different ways with increasing	specific topic or theme.7	Use photos, video and sound to create an atmosphere when presenting to different	Checked. Use text, photo, sound and	effectiveness. Talk about audience.		
and Emotional Development)	appropriate file and folder names.	independence.	Add to and edit an existing database.	audiences. Be confident to explore new	video editing tools to evaluate and refine their work.	atmosphere and structure when planning a particular media outcome.		
, ,	Use the keyboard or a word bank on a device to	Talk about the different ways to use technology	Combine a mixture of text,	media to extend what they can achieve.	Be able to use a variety of	Combine a range of media,		
ELG:	enter text into a program.	to collect information, including a camera or sound recorder.	graphics and sound to share ideas and learning.	Change the appearance of text to increase its effectiveness	familiar and unfamiliar software by using a pre- existing skill set.	recognising the contribution of each to achieve a particular outcome.		
Be confident to try new activities and	Understand some of the basic functions on a keyboard (Backspace,	Use the keyboard on their	Use appropriate keyboard commands to amend	depending on the audience or mood. Create, modify and present	Select, use and combine the appropriate technology tools	Confidently identify the potential of unfamiliar technology and how it can be used effectively.		
show independence,	Caps Lock, Enter)	device to add, delete, edit and format text.	text.	documents for a particular purpose and audience.	to create effects in media.	Explain why they select a		
resilience and perseverance in the	Save information in a specific place and retrieve	Talk about an online tool	Be able to effectively use a spell checker.	Use a keyboard confidently and make use of a spellchecker to	Select an appropriate online or offline tool to create and	particular online tool for a specific purpose.		
face of challenge. (Personal, Social	it again.	that will help them to share their ideas with	Evaluate their work and	write and review their work. Use an appropriate tool to share	share ideas. Evaluate and improve their	Be digitally discerning when evaluating the effectiveness of their own work and the work of		
and Emotional	Use technology to collect information, including	other people.	improve its effectiveness.	their work and collaborate online.	own work and support others in improving their work.	others.		
Development)	photos, videos and sounds.	Save and open files on the device they use from a specific file location.	Use an appropriate tool to share their work online.	Be able to evaluate other people's work and give them constructive feedback to help them improve their work.	Acknowledges sources of information appropriately.	Recognises the importance of copyright and how to acknowledge the sources of information		

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Computing

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	National Curriculum Area: Digital Literacy							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Nursery: I Explore how things work. (Understanding the World)	Understand why we need passwords. Understand that we must keep passwords private.	Understand the need to keep a password private. Understand the need to keep	Children consider their responsibilities and actions to others online. Children consider	Understand that media can be edited online for advertising and other purposes.	Be aware of their digital footprint. Understand the dangers of building online relationships.	Be aware of fake news and how to dissect it. Understand the difference between		
Reception: Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: -sensible amounts of 'screen time'. (Physical Development) ELG: Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. (Managing self)	Explain what personal information is. Understand that we must keep personal information private. Communicate safely and respectfully online. Know what to do when concerned about online content. Know what to do if someone tries to contact you online.	personal information private. Demonstrate the use of technology responsibly in terms of how we use it and the time we spend using it. Know how to report inappropriate content or contact online.	that all of the media they see could have been altered. Understand how to use a search engine responsibly and safety	Recognise what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour when using technology and online services. Children understand how effective a strong password is and what a strong password looks like	Explain what the consequences might be to using technology inappropriately or accessing inappropriate content intentionally	misinformation and disinformation. Understand what Copywriting is and using someone else's work responsibly. Manage their conduct and contact appropriately and safely when using technology and online services.		

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